



CMQCC PREECLAMPSIA TOOLKIT PREECLAMPSIA CARE GUIDELINES CDPH-MCAH Approved: 12/20/13

APPENDIX H: SEVERE PREECLAMPSIA/ECLAMPSIA IN LDR V2.0 SimMan 3G: Learning Objectives

Severe Preeclampsia and Eclampsia in LDR v2.0 SimMan3G

Part 2 – Learning Objectives

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Cognitive Skills/Medical Management	 Diagnose severe preeclampsia based upon signs and symptoms a. Hypertensive Emergency i.e. SBP ≥160 OR DBP ≥105 b. Neuro: Headache, Visual Complaints, Altered Mental Status, CVA, Seizure c. Abdominal pain – especially RUQ or epigastric pain d. Persistent nausea and vomiting e. Shortness of breath – pulmonary edema Treat hypertension per 2011 ACOG guidelines – 1st line agents a. Target BP =140/90 (BP<140/90 =
Psychomotor Skills	 Maintain airway with repositioning, jaw thrust, etc. as needed Provide 100% O2 Perform endotracheal intubation if indicated (If anesthesiologist present)
Critical Actions	 Make diagnosis of severe preeclampsia Diagnose hypertensive emergency and manage per 2011 ACOG guidelines Provide adequate control of seizures with magnesium and secondary agents if needed. Airway management after seizure
Unacceptable Actions	Taking patient to the OR for c-section before BP and seizures controlled